

Positive Relationships and Behaviour for Learning Policy

Policy Owner	Director of Education
Approved by	Education Standards Committee
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1 Introduction

- 1.1 At Creative Education Trust, we strive to build a learning community where staff, students and families work together to successfully nurture and develop the potential of all. As a family of schools, all our academies share a common purpose: to make a difference every day to the lives of the young people and communities that we serve. However, all our academies also have their own unique identity, which we deliberately foster. For this reason, this policy should be read in conjunction with each academy's individual approach to promoting positive relationships and behaviour for learning, which is included in the appendix to this overarching policy document.
- 1.2 This policy is based on legislation and advice from the Department for Education (DfE), which is clearly referenced at appropriate points within this documentation. In particular, the trust acknowledges its legal duties under the Equality Act 2010, in respect of safeguarding, and in respect of students with special educational needs (SEND). The trust believes that students with different needs should be provided with the support they need to achieve individual success, while still operating within the framework of this and our other policies.

2 Relationship to other Trust Policies

- Anti Bullying Policy
- Suspensions and Permanent Exclusion Policy
- SEND Policy
- Attendance Policy
- Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy
- Teaching, Learning and Curriculum Policy
- Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Policy
- PSHE and SRE Policy
- Restrictive Interventions Policy

3 Principles and Purpose

- 3.1 Creative Education Trust's approach to behaviour for learning is centred around building the relationships that promote positive behaviour and learning. Using the principles of Therapeutic Thinking as a framework, our academies are developing whole establishment approaches that foster positive relationships, thus creating a calm, safe and supportive environment, free from disruption, in which students can thrive, both in and out of the classroom, and reach their full potential. Therapeutic Thinking is a relational and evidence-based approach which recognises that behaviour is a form of communication. Through understanding students' experiences, emotions and individual needs, staff create positive relationships, supportive environments and appropriate adaptations that promote emotional wellbeing, self-regulation and inclusion. The approach focuses on developing internal discipline through teaching, reflection and restoration, rather than relying on punishment or behaviour suppression.

This approach complements our trust ethos and supports our shared trust values of Ambition, Equity and Opportunity:



Positive Relationships and Behaviour for Learning Policy – Our Values in Action		
Ambition	Equity	Opportunity
We have high expectations – our students deserve this. As a result, we expect all our students to: • Have positive attitudes and demonstrate a commitment to their education and school. • Behave with consistently high levels of respect and regard for all members of our learning community • Be polite and have good manners • Wear their uniform smartly and with pride.	We have clear rules, routines and systems, to ensure good relationships and behaviour, so that all our students can learn safely and without disruption. However, we realise that positive relationships and behaviour need to be explicitly taught, and that some of our students will need more support to reach that standard than others.	We expect our teachers to deliver an effective curriculum during lessons, employing appropriate pedagogy that is inclusive, whilst maintaining high expectations. This is so that our students can develop their knowledge and understanding and be able to apply it when they leave school, wherever they work or study.

4 Roles and Responsibilities

4.1 All members of the CET family have a responsibility for promoting and maintaining positive relationships and behaviour in our schools and academies. Our specific roles are outlined as follows:

4.2 Trustees/ Education Directors

Our trustees, in consultation with the central team of Education Directors, set our vision, values and strategic direction. This is usually via agreed trust wide policies, including this Promoting Positive Relationships and Behaviour for Learning policy. They review these regularly to ensure that our students receive the best possible provision. CET's Education Directors provide support and challenge to school staff ensure that the trust's policies are embedded, and that the quality of relationships and behaviour is regularly and effectively monitored.

4.3 Headteachers/Principals and Senior Leaders

The Headteacher or Principal, and other senior leaders, are responsible for developing and maintaining a positive learning community that embeds the values of the trust. In practice this means:

4.3.1 Ensuring that there are clear policies for routines, rewards and



consequences that promote positive relationships and behaviour, including good attendance, both during lessons and at other times.

- 4.3.2 Providing induction, ongoing training and, if required, further support for all staff and students, which makes known the routines, rewards and consequences and which helps to ensure that they are always applied.
- 4.3.3 Ensuring that the policy promotes equity for all students and addresses individual needs. Where there are underlying causal factors for unacceptable behaviour, the headteacher or principal, supported by senior leaders, are ultimately responsible for ensuring that these are considered when deciding which actions to take in response.
- 4.3.4 Supporting the practical day-to-day aspects of the policy's implementation by being visible; responding to and investigating serious instances of unacceptable behaviour; ensuring all relevant information about individual students is shared within and between teams; and communicating effectively with parents, outside agencies and other key stakeholders, as appropriate.
- 4.3.5 Ensuring that suspensions and permanent exclusions are issued in a manner that is compliant with the relevant statutory guidance and as a 'last resort', and that appropriate arrangements are made for the re-integration of students further to periods of suspension.
- 4.3.6 Making all staff aware of the statutory guidance contained or alluded to within the relevant sections of *Keeping Children Safe in Education*, so that they can adequately safeguard students when responding to allegations of child-on-child abuse, sexual harassment, sexual violence, or when students report bullying.
- 4.3.7 Scrutinising and reporting, using the agreed processes, data in relation to routines, rewards and consequences to ensure that they remain effective. This includes keeping written records of all significant behaviour and safeguarding incidents, using the trust's MIS system and CPOMS, as well as ensuring that individuals and groups are closely monitored to allow for early intervention, and reviewing both the support provided to individual students and the impact of this.
- 4.3.8 Prioritising the explicit teaching to students about the school's behaviour routines, rewards and consequences, including the rationale for each, and providing a relevant PSHE programme.

4.4 Staff

Staff will model leadership and act as positive ambassadors of the school and the trust, acting, always, in line with this and other policies through their professional behaviour and conduct. In practice this means that all staff will ensure that they are:

- Modelling the behaviours that they wish to see, engaging with students in a polite, calm and respectful manner
- Encouraging the development of social, emotional and behavioural skills by highlighting and promoting positive behaviour



- Always doing their best to 'de-escalate' situations when a student behaves in an unacceptable manner, both inside and outside of the classroom, by applying this policy fairly and attempting to repair relationships with a student before their next lesson
- Seek to understand any underlying issue, including SEND, or contextual challenges that may help explain – if not excuse – unacceptable behaviour
- Ensuring that students have 'thinking time' in between warnings so that they have a chance to adjust their behaviour
- Helping students to understand the reasons for any consequences they are given – either at the time they are given or afterwards
- Reporting, using the agreed processes, any safeguarding, wellbeing and/or relationship and behaviour concerns.

Additionally, all staff will endeavour to develop positive relationships with students which, according to role, may include:

- Greeting students in the morning/at the start of lessons and, if appropriate, undertaking supervisory or other 'duties'
- Establishing clear routines and communicating expectations of behaviour
- Preparing lessons that ensure all students can access the curriculum appropriately
- Responding to – and, where possible – minimising the likelihood of - low-level disruption, in line with the school's policies and procedures. For example, getting to know students well, developing an understanding of potential 'triggers' for any unhelpful behaviour and using this knowledge to plan the best ways to support individuals to better manage their behaviour
- Providing support programmes for identified individuals so that they learn how to better manage their behaviour
- Communicating with parents regarding concerns and, where appropriate, providing or signposting advice and/or support for families.

4.5 Students

Students are ambassadors of our schools even when off site. They are expected to follow the school's behaviour rules and routines; to listen to and follow instructions by staff and accept and learn from any consequences that they receive. This extends to any arrangements put in place to support them in forming positive relationships and improving their behaviour for learning.

4.6 Parents

Parents play a key part in ensuring that their children are successful at school. Sending their child to the school implies an acceptance of, and support for, the school's policies by parents, including the Positive Relationships and Behaviour for Learning Policy. Parents should inform leaders about any known or potential special educational needs, or personal issues, that may result in their child displaying unacceptable behaviour. Parents may be asked to attend meetings with staff to discuss their child's behaviour, including after a suspension at the point at which their child is re-admitted in school.



5. Policy Detail

5.1 Our Core Expectations

In line with our shared values and ethos, all CET schools consistently promote both our high expectations, and provide any necessary support, to ensure that all students have the best opportunity to thrive both in and out of the classroom.

5.2 As a result, all CET schools will prioritise:

- Agreeing a shared set of values that communicate expectations for relationships and behaviour, and which help all members of the learning community understand how they can work and succeed together
- Having clear and simple routines, rewards and consequences which link directly to the school or academy's values, and which foster high standards of behaviour and a calm and safe environment
- Providing training and support to staff on managing behaviour through the continuing professional development cycle
- Considering poor behaviour in relation to SEND and other relevant circumstances, making reasonable adjustments to these policies, where appropriate, to ensure that this policy is always applied fairly and in accordance with the key trust principle of equity
- Regularly and deliberately teaching students about both acceptable and unacceptable behaviours, both in wider society, and at school
- Planning a well sequenced curriculum with a view to ensuring that students are always engaged in purposeful learning.

5.3 Routines and Consequences

5.3.1 All of our staff and students have a right to work in a school where they can learn and are treated with courtesy and respect. Likewise, expectations and boundaries are a necessary and normal part of our society. They support emotional, psychological, and physical safety, as well as providing points of reference for what we expect of ourselves and each other.

5.3.2 For this reason, a cornerstone of all of our schools and academies' behaviour for learning processes is a system of agreed routines, during both lesson times and social times, and 'consequences' or ways of dealing with unacceptable behaviours.

5.3.3 In line with the trust's values, and in response to our commitment to Therapeutic Thinking, our 'consequences' are not designed to be punitive but are either developmental and restorative, helping the student to understand the impact of their behaviour, or protective, preventing the student from behaving in these ways until they receive the support they need to help them to make better decisions.

5.3.4 Staff can apply agreed consequences to students at any time that the student is in school, or when out of school if the student is:

- taking part in an activity organized by the school or trust
- travelling to and from the school



- wearing school uniform
- in some way identifiable as a member of the school
- engaging in activities that could have repercussions for the orderly running and/or reputation of the school
- on the balance of probability, acting in such a way as to be a threat to one or more members of the school community.

5.4 Rewards

The positive reinforcement of good relationships and behaviour is a powerful tool for establishing a strong learning community. For this reason, all our schools detail the rewards students can receive, and how these link to the school values (see appendix). They may include, but are not limited to:

- Verbal and written praise
- Points systems
- Letters or phone calls home
- Special responsibilities/privileges, especially where the position actively supports the creation of a positive learning community, as well as the personal development of the young person concerned
- Celebration events, including, but not limited to, reward trips, assemblies and presentation evenings.

5.5 Detentions

These may be set before, during or after school, on any school day or Staff Training (INSET) Day. If students are detained during the lunch break, they will still be given reasonable time to eat, drink and use the toilet. Please note that parental consent is not required for a detention to take place, although staff will always endeavour to give notice on the day or day before the detention. Where appropriate, staff will also always take into consideration any special needs a student may have, that might, for example, impact upon their ability to travel home safely after serving a detention.

5.6 Removal from the Classroom

Some of our schools and academies use a removal system, but this should only be in response to serious or persistent breaches of this policy during lesson times where initial teacher de-escalation and other restorative responses have not been successful. This offers students important 'time-out' and allows other students the opportunity to learn without disruption.

- 5.6.1 Staff will seek to minimise the amount of time that the student who has been removed from a lesson spends outside of the classroom. Wherever it is considered likely that the student can be re-integrated into the lesson after a brief conversation, then staff will seek to do this. Otherwise, staff will try to re-integrate the student back into a subsequent lesson later during the day and as swiftly as the student's ongoing behaviour permits. Brief periods of time educated outside of the classroom may be a supportive intervention rather than a 'punishment.' Where this intervention is not effective – or where the initial unacceptable behaviour was particularly serious or repeated – a student may be required to serve an internal suspension, as an alternative to an external suspension from school. This may start, and end, at a time later than the normal school day.



- 5.6.2 Students who are removed from lessons will usually continue to follow the normal curriculum. If this is not possible, they will be provided with appropriate work for their age and ability which is in line with the mainstream curriculum. In addition to completing work during the period of removal, students will also be supported with their behaviour, by being helped to consider how they can behave differently in the future. Sometimes, staff may consider that this behaviour support work must take priority over curriculum learning. Where this is the case, arrangements will be made to ensure that the student can catch up the missed learning, in the same way as for other absences.
- 5.6.3 Parents, carers and guardians will be informed of the removal on the same day.
- 5.6.4 Details about how removal systems, if appropriate, work in this school are set out in the appendix to this policy.
- 5.6.5 Students will not be removed from lessons for arriving late, or for truanting, other than in exceptional circumstances, such as when their behaviour is dysregulated and they are likely to disrupt learning should they join the relevant lesson.

6. Suspension and Permanent Exclusions

All students have a right to an education and to be protected from a life of underachievement and social exclusion. This does not, however, mean that our schools can always avoid suspending a student or placing them in a specialist educational setting. Used in the right way, a suspension can be followed by actions that are restorative or interventions that help the student to avoid carrying out the unacceptable behaviours again.

- 6.1 Suspensions and permanent exclusions will only be used as a last resort and when all other approaches and interventions, as outlined in the DfE's *Behaviour for Schools* document (2024) have been attempted. Accordingly, students who engage in persistent disruptive behaviour will usually receive an internal exclusion as an alternative to a suspension. Where a headteacher or principal decides that a suspension is necessary, they will explain within the suspension letter why an internal exclusion was not used as the consequence for persistent disruptive behaviour. Staff will actively seek to prevent suspensions through proactive approaches to relationships and behaviour, including using systems and procedures to identify and support students whose behaviour is causing serious concern. A range of possible strategies, including off-site directions and the use of alternative provision, that staff might use to support students so that they can remain at the school are outlined in the appendix to this policy. All CET schools have adopted approaches to managed moves, re-directions and alternative provision which are in line with the DfE's revised guidance on exclusions and suspensions (July 2026)
- 6.2 Where a fixed term suspension or permanent exclusion is being considered, the headteacher or principal will ensure that there is a full investigation, which will include:



- 6.2.1 Evidence being collected (from students involved, other witnesses, staff and CCTV etc.).
- 6.2.2 The school's SEND team being consulted about any recognised SEND that may have caused/contributed to the behaviour.
- 6.2.3 The pastoral/safeguarding team being consulted about any known issues that may be affecting the student, as well as the level of support that has been provided.
- 6.2.4 Only when all the above steps have been taken, and the information provided has been reviewed in line with the relevant statutory guidance, will the headteacher or principal decide what action will be taken. Typically, students who engage in persistent disruptive behaviour will be internally excluded rather than externally suspended. When the headteacher or principal decides to issue an external suspension instead, they will explain the rationale for this in their letter to parents, as well as any behaviour support previously provided to the student.
- 6.2.5 Suspensions and permanent exclusion will never be used because a student has SEND, or for poor academic performance, lateness or truancy, a breach of the uniform rules, or the behaviour of the student's parents, carers or guardians, including their failure to attend a reintegration and/or accept a managed move.
- 6.2.6 Where a suspension will mean that a student with SEND serves 10 days or more of suspension during an academic year, **or** where a decision whether to permanently exclude **any** student is being made, leaders **must** consult CET's Director of Inclusion before the final decision is taken. The Director of Inclusion's role in the consultation is to support leaders to ensure that statutory responsibilities, including those regarding equity are considered proactively before leaders make local decisions. In exceptional circumstances, the Director of Inclusion may direct that the permanent exclusion does not proceed.
- 6.2.7 On returning from suspension, the student and their parents will attend a reintegration meeting. This will include a focus on the support staff will provide the student to correct their behaviour, and how this support, and its impact, will be monitored. For details of the different kinds of support that may be available, please see the appendix to this policy.
- 6.2.8 Should a student serve three suspensions, in any given term, or more than three during any given academic year, the student and their parents will be discussed at a professionals' meeting such as a Team Around The Child meeting. Parents will then be invited to discuss the impact of previous forms of support that have been offered, and to consider any other ways forward.
- 6.2.9 Where a student has not been suspended from school, but a pattern of unhelpful behaviour is evident, leaders may invite the student and their parents to such a meeting to see what can be done to support the student. Parents themselves may request such a meeting should they become concerned about their child's behaviour or the sanctions that they are accumulating because of it.
- 6.3.0 There may be occasions when a student may be required to stay off-site temporarily for safeguarding reasons. This will usually be where an allegation



that has been made requires students to be separated and the risk cannot be safely managed on site. This is not a disciplinary sanction, or a suspension or a permanent exclusion. For more detailed information, please see the CET Suspensions and Permanent Exclusions Policy.

7. Adapting Consequences for Students with SEND

- 7.1 Any consequences given will always be in line with this policy. They will also be fair, reasonable, proportionate and in accordance with the Equalities Act, 2010. As part of this, staff recognise that students' behaviour may be impacted by a special educational need and/or a disability (SEND).
- 7.2 This means that staff will try to anticipate, as far as possible, all likely triggers of misbehaviour and, where appropriate, put in place support plans for identified students to prevent issues from occurring. Where necessary, support and advice will be sought from relevant external agencies, including the Local Authority. Staff will always work with the student's family to create a plan.
- 7.3 Plans might include specific strategies, such as rewards, visual cues, interventions or calm-down areas, where students can go to regain control of their emotions. These plans will be shared with teachers so that they know how to support individual students in their learning and behaviour. Staff will regularly review these plans, working collaboratively with the student and their parents, to ensure they remain appropriate.
- 7.4 When incidents of unacceptable behaviour arise, staff will also consider them in relation to a student's SEND and the consequence system may be adapted to cater to the specific needs of that student.
- 7.5 Decisions on whether a student's SEND had an impact on an incident of misbehaviour will be made on a case by-case basis by senior staff; not every incident of misbehaviour will be connected to an additional and/or unmet need.
- 7.6 When considering a behavioural sanction for a student with SEND, staff will consider the following:
- Whether the student was able to understand the agreed expectation or instruction
 - Whether the student was unable to act differently at the time as a result of their SEND or mental health need, or a need not having been met by staff
 - Whether the student is likely to behave aggressively due to their SEND

If the answer to any of these questions is yes, senior staff at the school or academy will then assess if it is appropriate to use a consequence at all, and, if so, whether any reasonable adjustments need to be made.

8. What are reasonable adjustments?

- 8.1 Any variations to our policies will always consider the specific circumstances and requirements of the student concerned. In practice, however, this might mean: modifying the consequence, for example internal suspension with the SEND team, as opposed to mainstream internal suspension or external suspension; to provide a more appropriate work environment; to support with school work; to create a more



familiar structure to the working day, for example pausing the usual behaviour processes whilst the student completes interventions or coaching to build confidence/understanding of the expected behaviours.

- 8.2 It should be noted, however, that, whilst staff will always consider the impact that their actions will have on the student with SEND, they also need to consider the safety and well-being of all other members of the school community. learning community as a whole.
- 8.3 For this reason, staff will work with relevant external agencies, including the local authority, when they identify a student who is at risk of suspension/nearing the threshold for permanent exclusion, to identify any further support that could be put in place.
- 8.4 Should a student in receipt of an Education Health Care Plan (EHCP) be at risk of permanent exclusion, then an Emergency Review of that plan will be called at the earliest opportunity.
- 8.5 Uniform: effective teaching and learning starts with a smart and tidy appearance as it helps to instil discipline and pride, reducing the risk of distraction in lessons. The uniform expectations, and support available to families, is outlined in the appendix to this policy. Individual academy uniforms should be worn by all students. Prohibited items can be confiscated. Likewise, students may be lent correct uniform or placed in isolation with appropriate work until uniform issues are resolved.
- 8.6 Visiting the toilet during lessons: students are encouraged to visit the toilet during social times and lesson changeover periods. If staff allow a student to visit the toilet during lesson times, the student may be asked to leave their switched-off mobile device in a tray on the teacher's desk. The student will be able to collect their mobile device immediately on return to the classroom. This is to minimise the ability of students to use their mobile phones in an unsupervised manner, which can represent a safeguarding risk.
- 8.7 Social media and unacceptable online behaviour: The misuse of social media, or the undertaking of unacceptable on-line behaviour in general, may fall under the remit of this policy in the case of:
- damage being caused to the reputation of one or more members of the school community, or to the school as a whole
 - use that may harass, bully or discriminate
 - the posting of demonstrably false or misleading statements.

8.8 **Physical Restraint**

Staff have a legal power to use physical restraint – sometimes known as ‘positive handling’, ‘restrictive interventions’ or ‘reasonable force’ - where necessary, including to avoid a student:

- causing injury to themselves or others
 - committing a criminal offence
 - causing serious damage to property
 - causing significant disorder
- 8.8.1 The trust's Restrictive Intervention Policy sets out our approach. Incidents of physical restraint will always be used as a last resort when all appropriate de-escalation techniques have failed and will be applied using the minimum amount of force and for the shortest amount of time possible. It will never be used as a punishment. All incidents of reasonable force will be recorded and reported to



parents, usually on the same day. The headteacher/principal will ensure that there are sufficient staff who are trained in how to safely restrict a student's movement should that be required.

- 8.8.2 Where it is known that a student's behaviour could present a significant risk of injury to themselves, other people, or property, staff will complete a risk assessment, in conversation with safeguarding and SEND colleagues, to determine if the student requires a positive handling plan to be put in place, and how that might best be avoided.
- 8.8.3 These plans will be developed in the student's best interests and agreed by the parents and the child concerned wherever possible. They will be reviewed regularly with any support plans and/or if the needs of the student change.

8.9 **Drugs**

The school operates a robust approach on drugs for the health and safety of all staff, students and visitors. The policy on drugs applies to all schools and to school related activities whether on or off site. This includes the journey to and from school. The word 'drugs' used in this policy does not just mean illegal drugs. It extends to alcohol, tobacco products, volatile substances and legal highs.

- 8.9.1 The school will monitor and deal with any drugs issues promptly and be proactive in trying to prevent any future drugs incidents. Students will receive drugs education as part of the PSHE programme and academies will also involve outside agencies such as drugs education charities.
- 8.9.2 Any student found to be involved in a drugs-related incident will be disciplined in accordance with this policy. The sanction may include suspension or permanent exclusion from school. Sometimes, it will also be necessary to involve the police, and/or social care/substance abuse support services.
- 8.9.3 Any drugs found will be confiscated by staff who will dispose of them in accordance with guidance issued by the DfE. Similarly, any drugs related paraphernalia such as needles will be disposed of in a prudent manner.
- 8.9.4 Usually the school will inform parents/carers when their child has been found to be involved in drugs. However, where there are potential child protection issues the academy must act in the best interests of the child, which may mean a decision not to inform parents. Such a decision will be taken very seriously and usually with the benefit of legal advice.

8.10 **Searching and Confiscation**

Searching, screening and confiscation will be conducted in line with the DfE's latest guidance. Although this list should not be treated as exhaustive, banned items include:

- Knives and weapons
- Alcohol
- Drugs
- Stolen items
- Tobacco and cigarette paper
- E-cigarettes or vapes
- Fireworks
- Pornographic images
- Any article that the member of staff reasonably suspects has been or is likely to be used to commit an offence, or to cause personal injury to, or to damage to property.



As long as it is reasonable in the circumstances, staff are permitted by law to take temporary possession of any suspected illegal substance or prohibited item. If a prohibited item is confiscated (including clothing and/or jewellery), and presuming it does not need to be retained, as per DfE guidance, it can only be collected by a parent. Staff cannot look after items for students and individual schools cannot be held responsible for lost or stolen articles. We therefore strongly encourage students not to bring valuable or banned items into school.

- 8.10.1 In the interests of the health, wellbeing and safety of our community, all students will have relevant PSHE education on issues such as drugs and alcohol. Any student found to be involved in a banned item incident, including on the way to and from school, will face appropriate consequences under this policy. Such incidents, except in exceptional circumstances, could lead to suspension and, under some circumstances, a permanent exclusion.
- 8.10.2 When a search is thought to be necessary there will be an assessment of how urgently it needs to be carried out considering any risk to students and staff. The student to be searched will be told why they are being searched and informed as to how and where the search will take place. The student will be given an opportunity to ask questions. Where a search takes place with consent, the member of staff conducting the search should ensure that the student understands the reason for the search and how it will be conducted so that their agreement is informed.
- 8.10.3 A student's possessions can only be searched in the presence of the student and another member of staff, except where there is a risk that serious harm will be caused to a person if the search is not conducted immediately, and where it is not reasonably practicable for another member of staff to be present and/or the member of staff is of the opposite sex. The academy will always endeavour to have a member of staff who is of the same sex as the student present and an additional member of staff present as a witness to the search for safeguarding purposes.
- 8.10.4 The headteacher/principal will ensure that there are sufficient staff who are trained in how to lawfully search a student. The DSL will be informed of any searching incidents where a member of staff had reasonable grounds to suspect a student was in possession of a prohibited item and all searches will be recorded. If a search revealed a safeguarding risk, the DSL will be involved without delay.
- 8.10.5 Only staff members authorised by the headteacher/principal may carry out searches without consent.
- 8.10.6 The person conducting the search may not require the student to remove any clothing other than outer clothing. 'Outer clothing' means clothing that is not worn next to the skin or immediately over a garment that is being worn as underwear, but 'outer clothing' includes hats; shoes; boots; gloves and scarves.
- 8.10.7 Where an item prohibited by this policy is seized as the result of a search and it is an electronic device such as a mobile telephone, the member of staff who seized the item may inspect the data on it, if they think that there is a good reason to do so. For this purpose, the member of staff has a good reason if they reasonably suspect that the data or file on the device in question has been or could be used to cause harm, to disrupt teaching or break the school rules. In cases where staff are advised, or suspect, that the mobile device contains youth-produced sexual imagery, they must follow the advice in this regard issued by CET's Head of Safeguarding/the school's Designated Safeguarding Lead.
- 8.10.8 School staff can seize any prohibited item found as a result of a search. They can also seize any item, which they consider harmful or detrimental to school discipline, even if it is not found as a result of a search.



8.10.9 Members of staff can use such force as is reasonable given the circumstances when conducting a search for knives or weapons, alcohol, illegal drugs, stolen items, tobacco and cigarette papers, fireworks, pornographic images or articles that have been or could be used to commit an offence or cause harm. Such force cannot be used to search for items banned under the school rules. Weapons, knives and extreme or child pornography must always be handed over to the police. Otherwise, it is for the academy to decide if and when to return a confiscated item. Please note that staff have an obligation to inform the police of any illegal item brought into school

8.11 Police Searches/ questioning and the requirement for an appropriate adult to be present

8.11.1 The Designated Safeguarding Lead (and deputy) are aware of the requirement for children to have an appropriate adult when in contact with police officers who suspect them of having committed an offence.

8.11.2 The Designated Safeguarding Lead (or deputy) will communicate any vulnerabilities known by the school to any police officer who wishes to speak to a student about an offence they may suspect. This communication will be recorded on CPOMS.

8.11.3 If having been informed of the vulnerabilities, the Designated Safeguarding Lead (or deputy) does not feel that the officer is acting in the best interests of the child they should ask to speak with a supervisor or contact 101 to escalate their concerns.

8.11.4 The appropriate adult' means, in the case of a child under the age of 18:

- the parent, guardian or, if the juvenile is in the care of a local authority or voluntary organisation, a person representing that authority or organisation
- a social worker of a local authority
- Failing these, some other responsible adult aged 18 or over who is not a police officer.

9. Monitoring, Review and Accountability

Leaders and trustees will monitor behaviour and associated data to identify patterns, emerging risks or training needs.



Appendix 1

AMBITION- EQUITY – OPPORTUNITY			
Purpose	Policy Checklist	Relevant Guidance	Equality, Diversity and Inclusion
To foster positive relationships, high standards of behaviour, and a calm and safe environment, within which all members of our community can thrive and reach their full potential.	Agreeing a shared set of values that clearly communicate expectations for positive relationships and behaviour. Having a clear and simple ‘rewards, routines and consequences’ policy. Providing training and support to staff on managing relationships and fostering positive behaviour. Planning (via Team Around the Child meetings or similar), implementing and reviewing pastoral intervention packages, in line with need. Planning a strong curriculum (mainstream and all Alternative Provision), including explicitly teaching students about positive relationships and behaviour	Behaviour In Schools – Advice for Headteachers and school staff (DfE, February 2024) Suspension and Permanent Exclusion from Maintained Schools, Academies and Pupil Referral Units in England, including Pupil Movement (DfE, July 2026). Searching, Screening and Confiscation Advice for Schools (DfE, July 2022) Restrictive Interventions in Schools (DfE, December 2025) Keeping Children Safe in Education (2025).	The trust believes that students with different needs should be provided with the support they need to achieve individual success, while still operating within the framework of this and our other policies. This means making appropriate reasonable adjustments to this policy.



	and how they catch up work after absence.		
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Appendix 2 – Positive Relationships and Behaviour for Learning at Wroughton Academies

It is crucial to establish clear expectations and guidelines for positive behaviour, mutual respect, recognition and consequences to foster a productive and supportive environment.

Our school is a place where kindness, effort, respect and responsibility guide everything we do. We believe that positive behaviour helps everyone feel safe, valued and ready to learn.

Our school values – ‘The Wroughton Way’: Respect, Responsibility and Effort are at the heart of our ethos and culture; it is our behaviour curriculum. We expect our pupils to exhibit and adhere to ‘The Wroughton Way’ values at all times. This is routinely built into assembly themes and our curriculum work, in addition to everyday classroom practice. Our behaviour curriculum promotes a positive and conducive learning environment where pupils can thrive academically and socially while understanding the importance of their behaviour and its impact on the school community. Our behaviour management system follows the principles of relational and restorative approaches for modifying behaviour.

Informing our work are:

- Strong adult-child relationships
- High expectations and consistency
- Positive noticing and specific praise
- A manner which deals calmly with all situations
- Assertiveness and not aggression
- Restorative practice (conversations to teach about behaviour)
- Outstanding models of behaviour from all adults

How it works:

- We keep rewards separate from consequences. We never take away a reward a child has earned.
- When a child deserves a reward, we are specific and immediate.
- We give lots of praise/positive noticing – it does improve a child’s chances of choosing the correct behaviour.
- We congratulate them!
- Our school values encompass the behaviours that we are looking for.



Staff will ensure they:

- treat pupils with respect and dignity.
- apply values/rules and consequences consistently and fairly.
- will provide academic and emotional support and be approachable for help.
- will provide a safe and secure learning environment.
- encourage and motivate pupils to reach their full potential.
- treat personal matters with confidentiality and sensitivity.

REWARDS

At Wroughton Academies we base our Positive Reward System around the 3 core values.

House Points: Children will gain the opportunity to receive house points for displaying our values in action as well as particularly noteworthy achievements. Points can be earned both in and outside the classroom and can be given by any member of staff including supply agency staff, site staff, office staff and kitchen staff. The house winner is revealed in Monday's weekly values assembly. At the end of each term the overall house team with the most points will receive the house point trophy.

Class recognition board: Children will have the opportunity to earn a class reward by accumulating X number of awards. Recognition is given to the class for 'above and beyond' behaviour whereby the children are displaying the Wroughton Values. The class reward is decided upon by the class and is awarded at the discretion of the class teacher.

Positive note: A positive note is given for recognition of displaying the Wroughton values that goes 'above and beyond' the expectations. The note is given to the child with the explanation given as to what they have received the note for. A positive note should be given to a minimum of 1 child per week and should not be overused to devalue the note.

Headteacher Stars: We celebrate children's individual successes in the Headteacher Star of the Week assembly where one child per class is recognised, this is values driven. Children will receive a certificate to take home.

Outside Achievements: Special achievements such as sporting trophies and certificates are shared in our weekly Values Assembly.

Trophy Awards: Termly trophy awards are presented to children who have displayed our values consistently; along with subject progress and a Headteacher trophy for effort across the term. Parents are invited in to watch the trophy assembly.



SUPPORT AND CONSEQUENCES

Step 1) Reminder

Staff will remind the child of the value that they are not displaying e.g. 'I need to remind you of our respect value'. As often as possible, this will be completed in private. Positive noticing of other pupils displaying the correct behaviour will be used to encourage the child to show the right expectations. Give the child take up time.

Step 2) Warning

The child will be spoken to by a member of staff e.g. 'This is a warning, think carefully about your next choice. Remember our value of respect.' This will preferably be completed by dropping down next to the child, side on, at the child's eye level. The child will have a short period of time to make the right decision. During this time, the staff can support them to make sure that they understand what is being asked of them and if they require any additional support to help them to get back on track.

Step 3) Last Chance + Two Minutes After

This next step is if the child continues to engage in poor behaviour. This is the child's last chance to take control of the situation themselves. Beyond this point, the member of staff will decide what happens next. This will be completed in private.

Staff will follow recommended phrases which will inform the child that this is their third warning, repeat the value that they are breaking and remind them of a previous good behaviour. They will be expected to stay behind for two minutes at the end of the lesson to have a conversation with the teacher about their behaviour and learning, the choices they made and how their behaviour will be in the future. Younger children may need two minutes set aside within the lesson.

Step 4) Reset

This stage is for children who are still not able to follow expectations and stay within the boundaries. The child will be taken to a different area within the school to be supported to calm down and reset. The purpose of reset is to help to regulate behaviour, not to discuss the incident that occurred, and to get back to their lesson. The reset will be up to 20 minutes for the child to receive emotion coaching with a designated member of staff; this may be the teaching assistant, a member of the pastoral team or a senior leader. This is an opportunity for the child to discuss their feelings and prepare to go back into the lesson. A child may need a calming activity to complete during this period. In extreme cases, a child may need longer than 20 minutes. 'Two Minutes After' applies in this step too. At the end of the lesson, the child will be expected to stay behind for two minutes to have a conversation with the teacher about their behaviour and learning, the choices they made and how their behaviour will be in the future. The teacher, during their conversation, may decide that a consequence to their actions is warranted e.g. any destruction caused will be cleared and tidied away, break time missed etc.

For more serious incidents, more than one member of staff may be needed to provide support and to help to keep everybody safe. Any secondary behaviours seen as a result of the initial behaviour incident will be put aside during the moment and will be addressed later during a conversation when the child is calm. Other children (and parents) need to trust that staff will deal with any secondary behaviours witnessed. For serious breaches and repeat offences, the school's behaviour lead and/or headteacher will become involved and parents



will be informed via telephone conversation, letter or face to face meeting. Procedures, set out above within CET's behaviour for learning policy, will be invoked such as 'on report', internal exclusions and suspensions. Internal exclusions and suspensions are measures of last resort. Decisions regarding suspension or internal exclusion should always be made by the headteacher, taking account of the individual context, the pupil's needs, any reasonable adjustments that have been put in place, and the interventions and support already provided.



WROUGHTON ACADEMIES

De-escalation strategies

Stay calm and regulated - A regulated adult helps to regulate a child's emotions.

Approach respectfully - Give appropriate space and converse at child level.

Use calm, simple communication - Use pre-considered script.

Acknowledge feelings - Show that you are listening whilst maintaining trust and respect.

Offer choices and control - Empower the children to take ownership of their behaviours.

Redirect and distract - Is the space appropriate? Consider the environment around you.

Restorative conversation - Reinforce the connection between adult and child. Talk through which boundary was crossed and remind them of what good behaviour looks like.

Effort - Respect - Responsibility



Restorative approaches

Restorative approaches help children understand the impact of their actions on others and encourage them to take responsibility for putting things right. Rather than focusing solely on punishment, restorative conversations support children in reflecting on what happened, who may have been affected, and how relationships can be repaired. This approach helps pupils develop empathy, communication skills and a sense of accountability, while promoting positive behaviour and strong relationships within our school community. By working together to resolve conflicts and learn from mistakes, we create a safe, respectful and supportive environment where every child can thrive.



WROUGHTON ACADEMIES

Restorative Conversation Questions

What happened?
Child can
say/write/draw.

Who has been
affected?

Which of the school
values did you not
follow? Why?

Do you need help to
be able to do this?

How can you make
things better?

What should you have
done differently?

Effort - Respect - Responsibility

Reasonable adjustments



'Reasonable adjustments' to the behaviour policy will be applied, as appropriate, in respect of pupils with SEND, including:

- Support from staff in regulating emotions, using emotion coaching strategies
- Additional verbal warnings before the sanction system is used
- Time spent with the pastoral team Individualised Curriculum if a pupil is struggling
- Consult with specialist teams/ external advisors
- Identify any underlying needs e.g. speech, language and communication
- Safe spaces in school Use of fidget toys
- Using quieter entrances
- Use of visual timetables / now and next
- Sensory needs addressed e.g. ear defenders

Pupils and parents can request support via the class teacher, home-school link worker, SENDCO, behaviour lead or Headteacher. The academy may signpost parents to outside agencies e.g. GP, Changes and Well-Being Service. An Early Help assessment may also be beneficial for families requiring further help and support.

Mobile Phones

Mobile phones are not allowed in the academy unless a pupil walks to and from school. In this case, mobile phones are to be switched off on the school site and given to the class teacher for safe keeping. If a phone is misused on site, it will be confiscated and given back at the end of the day. Repeated misuse on the school site can result in a consequence. A mobile phone agreement needs to be signed by a parent or carer.

Child-on-child abuse

At Wroughton Academies, we believe that all children have a right to attend and to learn in a safe environment. Sexual violence and sexual harassment is never acceptable and it will not be tolerated at Wroughton Academies.

Girls and young women are more frequently identified as those who are abused by their peers, however, anyone can be a victim of abuse and at Wroughton Academies, all victims will be reassured that they are being taken seriously, regardless of how long it has taken them to come forward and that they will be supported and kept safe.

Wroughton Academies are committed to adopting the position that sexual harassment and online sexual abuse are a problem in our academy community and beyond. Through this stance, we will develop a whole-academy approach to proactively addressing this form of abuse.



We will follow and adhere to KCSIE 2024 (statutory guidance) and Department for Education advice for schools 'Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in school and colleges.

Academy leaders will minimise the risk of child-on-child abuse by: ensuring that all pupils are listened to – all reports are taken seriously, are recorded using our safeguarding platform and are acted upon; unacceptable behaviour is dealt with promptly; pupils are taught about tolerance and respect through our school values; pupils are regularly reminded of who they can talk to if they have any concerns; pupil well-being questionnaires are given to pupils in order to identify any concerns and determine the effectiveness of our behaviour policy; staff are trained to identify potential signs of abuse and follow safeguarding procedures; the RSE curriculum is fully implemented where we focus on healthy relationships, respectful behaviour between boys and girls and how bullying is tackled.

Uniform expectations

The Equality Act 2010 prohibits discrimination against an individual based on the protected characteristics, which include age, sex, disability, race, religion or belief, pregnancy and maternity, and gender reassignment.

To avoid discrimination, our school will:

- Avoid listing uniform items based on sex, to give all pupils the opportunity to wear the uniform they feel most comfortable in or that most reflects their self-identified gender
- Make sure that our uniform costs the same for all pupils
- Allow all pupils to have long hair (though we reserve the right to ask for this to be tied back)
- Allow all pupils to style their hair in a way that is appropriate for school
- Allow pupils to request changes to swimwear for religious reasons or if they are experiencing discomfort related to their sex, gender or gender reassignment
- Allow pupils to wear headscarves and/or other religious garments
- Allow pupils with sensory or physical needs to make reasonable adaptations to their uniform depending on their specific needs

Hair styles should be neat and tidy and promote our high standards of dress. Long hair should be fully tied back for PE. There should be no extremes of style or colour. Hairstyles worn because of cultural, family and social customs can be part of a pupil's ethnic origin and therefore fall under the protected characteristic of race.

Our school's uniform

Wroughton Infant Academy	Wroughton Junior Academy
White polo shirt Branded V neck jumper/cardigan Grey trousers, formal shorts, skirts or pinafore dress Plain black shoes	White collared shirt and tie Branded V neck jumper/cardigan Grey trousers, formal shorts, skirts or pinafore dress Plain black shoes



White and blue summer dress (Summer term only) PE Navy blue polo shirt with house colour logo Navy blue shorts/jogging trousers Navy blue hoodie Branded navy blue hoodie (optional) Trainers	White and blue summer dress (Summer term only) White polo shirt (Summer term only) PE Navy blue polo shirt with house colour logo Navy blue shorts/jogging trousers Navy blue hoodie Branded navy blue hoodie (optional) Trainers
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